

FORM 5

QUARTERLY LISTING STATEMENT

Name of CNSX Issuer: **Advantex Marketing International Inc. (the “Issuer”)**.

Trading Symbol: **ADX**

This Quarterly Listing Statement must be posted on or before the day on which the Issuer’s unaudited interim financial statements are to be filed under the *Securities Act*, or, if no interim statements are required to be filed for the quarter, within 60 days of the end of the Issuer’s first, second and third fiscal quarters. This statement is not intended to replace the Issuer’s obligation to separately report material information forthwith upon the information becoming known to management or to post the forms required by the CNSX Policies. If material information became known and was reported during the preceding quarter to which this statement relates, management is encouraged to also make reference in this statement to the material information, the news release date and the posting date on the CNSX.ca website.

General Instructions

- (a) Prepare this Quarterly Listing Statement using the format set out below. The sequence of questions must not be altered nor should questions be omitted or left unanswered. The answers to the following items must be in narrative form. When the answer to any item is negative or not applicable to the Issuer, state it in a sentence. The title to each item must precede the answer.
- (b) The term “Issuer” includes the CNSX Issuer and any of its subsidiaries.
- (c) Terms used and not defined in this form are defined or interpreted in Policy 1 – Interpretation and General Provisions.

There are three schedules which must be attached to this report as follows:

SCHEDULE A: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial statements are required as follows:

For the first, second and third financial quarters interim financial statements prepared in accordance with the requirements under Ontario securities law must be attached.

Interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended September 30, 2016 are attached as Schedule A.

If the Issuer is exempt from filing certain interim financial statements, give the date of the exempting order.

N/A

SCHEDULE B: SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The supplementary information set out below must be provided when not included in Schedule A.

1. Related party transactions

Provide disclosure of all transactions with a Related Person, including those previously disclosed on Form 10. Include in the disclosure the following information about the transactions with Related Persons:

- (a) A description of the relationship between the transacting parties. Be as precise as possible in this description of the relationship. Terms such as affiliate, associate or related company without further clarifying details are not sufficient.
- (b) A description of the transaction(s), including those for which no amount has been recorded.
- (c) The recorded amount of the transactions classified by financial statement category.
- (d) The amounts due to or from Related Persons and the terms and conditions relating thereto.
- (e) Contractual obligations with Related Persons, separate from other contractual obligations.
- (f) Contingencies involving Related Persons, separate from other contingencies.

The information connected to related party transactions is provided in note 11 to the attached interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

2. Summary of securities issued and options granted during the period.

Provide the following information for the period beginning on the date of the last Listing Statement (Form 2A):

- (a) summary of securities issued during the period,

Date of Issue	Type of Security (common shares, convertible debentures, etc.)	Type of Issue (private placement, public offering, exercise of warrants, etc.)	Number	Price	Total Proceeds	Type of Consideration (cash, property, etc.)	Describe relationship of Person with Issuer (indicate if Related Person)	Commission Paid
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(b) summary of options granted during the period,

Date	Number	Name of Optionee if Related Person and relationship	Generic description of other Optionees	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Market Price on date of Grant
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

3. Summary of securities as at the end of the reporting period.

Provide the following information in tabular format as at the end of the reporting period:

- (a) description of authorized share capital including number of shares for each class, dividend rates on preferred shares and whether or not cumulative, redemption and conversion provisions,
- (b) number and recorded value for shares issued and outstanding,
- (c) description of options, warrants and convertible securities outstanding, including number or amount, exercise or conversion price and expiry date, and any recorded value, and
- (d) number of shares in each class of shares subject to escrow or pooling agreements or any other restriction on transfer.

(a) As at September 30, 2016 the authorized share capital was the same as at June 30, 2016. The authorized share capital as at June 30, 2016 is disclosed in note 9(a) to the audited consolidated financial statements for year ended June 30, 2016 which are available under

the Issuers profile on www.sedar.com.

(b) As at September 30, 2016, and June 30, 2016 there were issued and outstanding:

- i) 139,071,218 common shares, and**
- ii) 461,887 class A preference shares**

The number of issued class A preference shares and common shares is provided by the Issuer's transfer agent.

(c) As at September 30, 2016, note 10 to the attached interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended September 30, 2016 provides details of stock options.

(d) None.

4. List the names of the directors and officers, with an indication of the position(s) held, as at the date this report is signed and filed.

Stephen Burns -	Director, Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chairman of the Compensation and Governance Committee, member of the Audit Committee;
William Polley -	Director, Chairman of the Audit Committee, member of the Compensation and Governance Committee;
Kelly Ambrose -	Director, CEO, President, and Secretary;
Marc Lavine -	Director, member of the Compensation and Governance Committee; and
Mukesh Sabharwal -	CFO and VP.

SCHEDULE C: MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Provide Interim MD&A if required by applicable securities legislation.

The interim MD&A for the three month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 is attached as Schedule C.

Certificate Of Compliance

The undersigned hereby certifies that:

1. The undersigned is a director and/or senior officer of the Issuer and has been duly authorized by a resolution of the board of directors of the Issuer to sign this Quarterly Listing Statement.
2. As of the date hereof there is no material information concerning the Issuer which has not been publicly disclosed.
3. The undersigned hereby certifies to CNSX that the Issuer is in compliance with the requirements of applicable securities legislation (as such term is defined in National Instrument 14-101) and all CNSX Requirements (as defined in CNSX Policy 1).
4. All of the information in this Form 5 Quarterly Listing Statement is true.

Dated: November 21, 2016.

Kelly Ambrose
Name of Director or Senior Officer

"Kelly Ambrose"
Signature

CEO and President
Official Capacity

Issuer Detail		
Name of Issuer	For Quarter Ended	Date of Report YY/MM/D
Advantex Marketing International Inc.	September 30, 2016	2016/11/21
Issuer Address		
600 Alden Road, Suite 606		
City/Province/Postal Code	Issuer Fax No.	Issuer Telephone No.
Markham, ON, L3R 0E7	(905) 946 2984	(905) 470 9558
Contact Name	Contact Position	Contact Telephone No.
Kelly Ambrose	CEO and President	(905) 946 2957
Contact Email Address	Web Site Address	
Kelly.ambrose@advantex.com	www. advantex.com	

SCHEDULE A

**ADVANTEX MARKETING INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the three months ended September 30, 2016**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Board of Directors of the company. Management is responsible for the information and representations contained in these consolidated financial statements and other sections of this report.

An auditor has not performed a review of these consolidated financial statements.

Advantex Marketing International Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)
(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Note	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016
		\$	\$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,097,917	\$ 658,678
Accounts receivable		213,134	425,402
Transaction credits	5	6,252,747	7,352,262
Inventory	6	39,351	39,914
Prepaid expenses and sundry assets		119,768	103,684
		\$ 7,722,917	\$ 8,579,940
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		\$ 104,882	\$ 116,049
Intangible assets		52,243	119,921
		\$ 157,125	\$ 235,970
Total assets		\$ 7,880,042	\$ 8,815,910
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Loan payable	7	\$ 4,808,293	\$ 5,533,267
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,435,262	3,556,978
12% Non-convertible debentures payable	8	5,159,000	5,098,773
		\$ 13,402,555	\$ 14,189,018
Shareholders' deficiency			
Share capital	9	\$ 24,530,555	\$ 24,530,555
Contributed surplus		4,090,382	4,090,382
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(47,383)	(47,383)
Deficit		(34,096,067)	(33,946,662)
Total deficiency		\$ (5,522,513)	\$ (5,373,108)
Total liabilities and deficiency		\$ 7,880,042	\$ 8,815,910

Economic and Financial dependence (note 2 a), Going concern (note 2 b), Commitments and contingencies (note 12)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Approved by the Board

Director: Signed "William Polley"
William Polley

Director: Signed "Kelly Ambrose"
Kelly Ambrose

Advantex Marketing International Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss (unaudited)
For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015
(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Note	2016	2015
		\$	\$
Revenues	15	\$ 2,604,270	\$ 2,995,254
Direct expenses	14/15	<u>877,358</u>	<u>883,069</u>
		1,726,912	2,112,185
Operating expenses			
Selling and marketing	14/15	505,707	739,428
General and administrative	14/15	<u>892,544</u>	<u>908,385</u>
Earnings from operations before depreciation, amortization and interest		328,661	464,372
Interest expense:			
Stated interest expense - loan payable, and debentures	7/8	338,994	383,471
Non-cash interest expense on debentures	8	<u>60,227</u>	<u>57,466</u>
		(70,560)	23,435
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, and amortization of intangible assets		<u>78,845</u>	<u>131,107</u>
Net loss and comprehensive loss		\$ (149,405)	\$ (107,672)
Loss per share			
Basic and Diluted	13	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Advantex Marketing International Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficiency (unaudited)
For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015
(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Class A preference shares	Common shares	Contributed surplus	Accumulated other comprehen - sive loss	Deficit	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance - July 1, 2015	\$ 3,815	\$ 24,526,740	\$ 4,090,382	\$ (47,383)	\$ (33,039,219)	\$ (4,465,665)
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(107,672)	(107,672)
Balance - September 30, 2015	\$ 3,815	\$ 24,526,740	\$ 4,090,382	\$ (47,383)	\$ (33,146,891)	\$ (4,573,337)
Balance - July 1, 2016	\$ 3,815	\$ 24,526,740	\$ 4,090,382	\$ (47,383)	\$ (33,946,662)	\$ (5,373,108)
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(149,405)	(149,405)
Balance - September 30, 2016	\$ 3,815	\$ 24,526,740	\$ 4,090,382	\$ (47,383)	\$ (34,096,067)	\$ (5,522,513)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Advantex Marketing International Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow (unaudited)
For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015
(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Note	2016	2015
		\$	\$
Operational activities			
Net loss for the period		\$ (149,405)	\$ (107,672)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, and amortization of intangible assets		78,845	131,107
Accretion charge for debentures	8	<u>60,227</u>	<u>57,466</u>
		(10,333)	80,901
Changes in items of working capital			
Accounts receivable		212,268	32,057
Transaction credits		1,099,515	(887,519)
Inventory		563	75,562
Prepaid expenses and sundry assets		(16,084)	(72,034)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		<u>(121,716)</u>	<u>(170,631)</u>
		1,174,546	(1,022,565)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		\$ 1,164,213	\$ (941,664)
Investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets		\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>(18,026)</u>
Net cash (used in) investing activities		\$ -	\$ (18,026)
Financing activities			
Utilization (Repayment) of loan payable	7	\$ <u>(724,974)</u>	\$ 696,586
Net cash generated (used in) financing activities		\$ (724,974)	\$ 696,586
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the period		\$ 439,239	\$ (263,104)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		<u>658,678</u>	<u>1,162,609</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		\$ 1,097,917	\$ 899,505
Additional information			
Interest paid		\$ 183,378	\$ 227,429
For purposes of the cash flow statement, cash comprises			
Cash		\$ 1,092,917	\$ 894,505
Term deposits		<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>
		<u>\$ 1,097,917</u>	<u>\$ 899,505</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Advantex Marketing International Inc.
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)
For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015
(expressed in Canadian dollars)

1 General information

Advantex Marketing International Inc. and its subsidiaries (together the company or Advantex) is a public company with common shares listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (trading symbol ADX). Advantex operates in the marketing services industry. The company develops and manages loyalty programs for financial institutions and other major organizations through which their customers earn frequent flyer miles or points on purchases at participating merchants. Under the umbrella of each program, Advantex provides merchants with marketing and customer incentives. At its sole discretion the company pre-purchases merchants' future sales through its Advance Purchase Marketing (APM) product. Advantex is incorporated and domiciled in Canada, and the address of its registered office is Suite 606, 600 Alden Road, Markham, Ontario, L3R 0E7.

2 a. Economic and Financial Dependence

Economic Dependence

The company's revenues and gross profit are dependent on a merchant based loyalty program ("CIBC/TD program") the company operates in partnership with Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce ("CIBC") and Toronto Dominion Bank ("TD"). Just over 60% of CIBC/TD program revenues are dependent on the company's relationship with CIBC.

	<u>Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016</u>		<u>Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015</u>	
	\$	% of company Total	\$	% of company Total
CIBC/TD program revenues	\$ 9,600,935	85.2%	\$ 10,916,883	82.1%
CIBC/TD program gross profit	\$ 6,884,188	90.8%	\$ 7,116,422	87.5%

Status of agreements with CIBC and TD

The company has a two decade relationship with CIBC. The most recent renewal of partnership was in September 2013 for an initial three year term expiring September 30, 2016 ("new agreement"). On April 14, 2016 the company announced extension of the new agreement until December 31, 2016 and on September 20, 2016 extension of the new agreement until September 30, 2017. In addition to CIBC's right to terminate the new agreement at any time by providing at least six months prior written notice to the company, the new agreement can be terminated by CIBC forthwith under certain circumstances.

The company renewed its agreement with TD for one year ending in June 2017. The agreement had an initial term of two years and was due to expire in June 2016. In addition to TD's right to terminate the agreement at any time by providing at least four months prior written notice to the company, the agreement can be terminated by TD immediately under certain circumstances.

Status of agreement with Aimia Canada Inc. (“Aimia”)

The Aeroplan program which is dependent on the company’s agreement with Aimia generated 14.1% and 8.8% respectively of company’s revenues and gross profit during year ended June 30, 2016 (2015 – 17.4% and 11.8% respectively). In November 2014 the company renewed its agreement (“agreement”) with Aimia for a five year term ending April 30, 2019. The agreement can be terminated by Aimia under certain conditions during the term of the agreement. The company and Aimia are close to finalizing the restructuring of the commercial terms of the agreement.

The company’s segment reporting is provided in note 15.

Financial Dependence

The company is funded by debt. The sources of debt are loan payable, and non-convertible debentures.

Loan payable

The company has access to a line of credit facility under its loan payable (note 7). The loan payable agreement (“agreement”) was established in 2007. The loan payable is used exclusively to expand the company’s APM product (“transaction credits” on consolidated statements of financial position) which is a significant driver of merchant participation in the CIBC/TD program. The agreement is subject to automatic renewal for periods of one year unless earlier terminated by either party upon 180 days’ notice prior to end of term. The current term of the loan payable expires in December 2017. The loan payable is repayable on demand.

Non-convertible debentures

The 12% non-convertible debentures payable (“new 12% debentures”) were issued by the company on December 30, 2013 (note 8) with an initial maturity date of September 30, 2016. The proceeds of the new 12% debentures are used for working capital purposes. On June 30, 2015, the debenture holders amended and re-set all financial covenants effective quarter ended June 30, 2015 until quarter ending June 30, 2016. At March 31, 2016 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants. The company secured a waiver to the breach of all its financial covenants at March 31, 2016 and was charged a fee of \$103,180 by the debenture holders.

At June 30, 2016 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants. Recognizing that the company does not have the ability to repay the debentures on maturity the company commenced discussions with the debenture holders. In September 2016 the company secured a waiver to the breach of all its financial covenants at June 30, 2016 and extension of the maturity date to December 31, 2016. The company was in breach of all its financial covenants at September 30, 2016 and shall be negotiating a waiver of the breach. However, there can be no assurance of either a successful outcome to the negotiation and its timing or the amount of the financial cost, if any, that may be attached to the issuance of the waiver.

If the company breaches a financial covenant or is unable to pay either interest or its debts as they came due, it would be in default under the new 12% debentures agreement and, as a result, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to waive the event of default, demand immediate payment of the new 12% debentures in full or modify the terms and conditions of the new 12% debentures including key terms such as repayment terms, interest rates and security. If

the company is unable to secure alternative financing to pay interest or repay the new 12% debentures, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to realize upon a part or all of the security held by them.

The company has a decade old relationship with the primary holder (about 60%) of the new 12% debentures – a Toronto based firm investing on behalf of its managed accounts. Related parties holdings at September 30, 2016 of the new 12% debentures were about \$1.2 million (about 24% of the new 12% debentures). The primary holder of the new 12% debentures is also the primary shareholder of the company as it beneficially owns or exercises control or direction through about 15% of the company's common shares (as of November 15, 2016) held on behalf of its managed accounts.

2 b. Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles applicable to a going concern which contemplates that the company will be able to realize its assets and settle its liabilities in the normal course as they come due during the normal course of operations for the foreseeable future. When a company is aware, in making its assessment, of material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, the entity is required to disclose those uncertainties. The company has a shareholders' deficiency of \$5,522,513 and negative working capital of \$5,679,638 as at September 30, 2016. There is uncertainty surrounding:

1. The re-financing of the new 12% debentures maturing December 31, 2016; and
2. The access to additional working capital in the form of debt and or equity to meet operational needs including payments to its partners CIBC, TD and Aimia and to support the growth of the company.

As a result, this may cast significant doubt on the validity of going concern assumption and the company's ability to continue as a going concern after September 30, 2016 and hence the ultimate use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

The company's future success is dependent on retaining its existing relationships with CIBC, TD, and Aimia; continued access to its existing levels of debt capital; additional capital in the form of debt or equity; ensuring profitability; and generating positive cash flows from operations. The company's business plan includes renewal of its agreements with CIBC, TD; and Aimia; refinancing of its current loans; the receipt of waivers or agreement amendments where breaches occur; and raise of additional capital. While in the past the company has been successful in renewal of its agreement with CIBC, TD, Aimia; refinancing its debentures and loan payable, obtaining waivers or agreement amendments, there can be no assurance these initiatives will continue to be successful. In addition, there can be no assurance the company will be successful in securing additional capital which is required to meet operational needs including payments to its partners CIBC, TD and Aimia and to support the growth of the company.

These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments or disclosures that may result from the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If the going concern assumption were not appropriate for these consolidated financial statements, adjustments may be necessary in the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and balance sheet classifications; and such adjustments could be material.

3 Basis of preparation

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

These interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and notes required by IFRS for annual financial statements and therefore, should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes for the company’s year ended June 30, 2016, which are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

These interim consolidated financial statements and related notes have been reviewed by the company’s audit committee and approved by the company’s board of directors on November 21, 2016.

Accounting standards issued but not yet applied

The IASB has issued the following applicable standards which have not yet been adopted by the company. The company has not yet begun the process of assessing the impact that the new and amended standards will have on its consolidated financial statements or whether to early adopt any of the new requirements.

The following is a description of the new standards:

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the IASB completed IFRS 9 Financial Instruments as the first step in its project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. *IFRS 9 amends the requirements for classification and measurement of financial assets, impairment, and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 introduces an expected loss model of impairment and retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost, fair value through profit or loss, and fair value through other comprehensive income. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.* IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, IASB issued IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which supersedes IAS 11, Construction Contracts, IAS 18, Revenue, IFRIC 13, Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15, Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18, Transfers of Assets from Customers, and SIC-31, Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. *IFRS 15 is based on the core principle to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. IFRS 15 focuses on the transfer of control.* IFRS 15 will be effective for the company’s fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2018 with earlier adoption permitted.

IFRS 16, Leases

In January 2016, IASB issued IFRS 16, Leases which replaces IAS 17, Leases, IFRIC 4, Determining whether an Agreement contains a Lease, SIC-15, Operating Leases – Incentives, and SIC-27, Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. IFRS 16 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract, i.e. the customer ('lessee') and the supplier ('lessor'). IFRS 16 will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with earlier adoption permitted provided the new revenue standard, IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with customers, has been applied, or is applied at the same date as IFRS 16.

4 Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

5 Transaction credits

Under its APM product the company acquires the rights to cash flow from future designated credit card transactions at a discount from participating merchants ("transaction credits"). These transaction credits are generally estimated to be fully extinguishable within 30 – 210 days. The company, in the normal course of business, is exposed to credit risk on the transaction credits.

The transaction credits are net of applicable allowance for impaired accounts, which is established based on the specific credit risk associated with the customer and other relevant information.

The transaction credits and the allowance is as follows:

	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Transaction credits	\$ 7,053,269	\$ 7,994,349
Allowance	(800,522)	(642,087)
Per statement of financial position	\$ 6,252,747	\$ 7,352,262

The transaction credits that are considered impaired and the related allowance is as follows:

	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Impaired transaction credits	\$ 948,600	\$ 833,379
Allowance	<u>(800,522)</u>	<u>(642,087)</u>
Impaired transaction credits not allowed for	\$ 148,078	\$ 191,292

Movement on allowance for impaired transaction credits

	At September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015
	\$	\$
Balance brought forward at start of period	\$ 642,087	\$ 787,236
Allowance created during the period	181,500	131,950
Impaired accounts written off against allowance	<u>(23,065)</u>	<u>(144,147)</u>
Balance carried forward at end of period	\$ 800,522	\$ 775,039

6 Inventory

Inventory comprises

	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Processing terminals	<u>39,351</u>	<u>39,914</u>
Total	\$ 39,351	\$ 39,914

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

The processing units are issued to merchants participating in the company's Aeroplan and Caesars programs. These units facilitate issuance of bonus rewards to members of Aeroplan and Caesars Total Rewards programs on their completing qualifying purchases at participating merchants. The company relieves inventory and recognizes the expense upon the issuance of terminal to the merchant.

7 Loan payable

	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Balance at start of period	\$ 5,533,267	\$ 5,711,525
Decrease in borrowing	<u>(724,974)</u>	<u>(178,258)</u>
Balance at end of period	\$ 4,808,293	\$ 5,533,267

This line of credit facility (“facility”) is provided by Accord Financial Inc. (“Accord”), and was established in December, 2007. The facility limit is \$8.5 million. The interest rate on the facility is equivalent to prime rate of a certain Canadian bank plus 11.5% per annum.

The facility is used by the company exclusively to acquire transaction credits, under its APM product, from establishments that are in business segments available to the company under its agreements with CIBC, TD and Aimia.

In certain circumstances the loan payable amount is repayable on demand to Accord.

The interest cost during the period ended September 30, 2016 was \$183,378 (2015 \$227,429).

8 12% Non-convertible debentures payable

On December 30, 2013, the company completed a refinancing by way of a private placement of 12% non-convertible debentures (“new 12% debentures”) in the principal amount of \$5,159,000.

As of December 31, 2013 the company used the proceeds of the new 12% debentures plus cash on hand to repay the old 12% debentures (aggregate principal amount of \$6,151,967 plus accrued interest thereon) and 14% debentures (aggregate principal amount of \$1,744,000 plus accrued interest thereon), both maturing December 31, 2013. The 87,056,491 common share warrants attached to the old 12% debentures and 3,444,400 common share warrants attached to 14% debentures were not exercised and expired as of December 31, 2013.

The new 12% debentures were issued as units. Each unit comprised (i) \$1,000 face value secured non-convertible debentures of the company bearing interest at 12% per annum, payable semi-annually, and with an initial maturity date of September 30, 2016, and (ii) 8,150 common shares in the capital of the company. The company issued 5,159 units and 42,045,850 common shares.

Under the agreement, the proceeds of the new 12% debentures are to be used for working capital purposes.

The new 12% debentures are secured by a general security interest over the assets of the company and its subsidiaries. The significant financial covenants of the new 12% debentures require the company to meet (i) commencing the quarter ended December 31, 2013, on a quarterly basis a defined level of designated current assets, and interest coverage, and (ii) commencing January 31, 2014, on a monthly basis a defined level of credit card spend, on which the company earns its

revenue, at merchants participating in its loyalty programs (as part of the re-set of the financial covenants, described later in this section, this financial covenant was cancelled effective April 2015).

In June 2014, the debenture holders agreed to a) re-set the financial covenants and b) defer the semi-annual interest due June 15, 2014 and this was now payable in two equal instalments due October 15, 2014 and November 15, 2014. The company agreed to pay a fee of \$65,000 to the debenture holders for the above changes to the new 12% debentures. The fee and the deferred interest were paid on the due dates. The company met the revised financial covenants as at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2014. At March 31, 2015 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants and the company secured a waiver of the breach at March 31, 2015. The debenture holders amended and re-set all financial covenants effective quarter ended June 30, 2015 until quarter ending June 30, 2016. The company met the amended financial covenants at June 30, 2015, September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2015. At March 31, 2016 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants. The company secured a waiver to the breach of all its financial covenants at March 31, 2016 and was charged a fee of \$103,180 by the debenture holders. As at June 30, 2016 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants. In September 2016 the company secured a waiver to the breach of all its financial covenants at June 30, 2016. In addition, the company and the debenture holders agreed to extend the maturity of the new 12% debentures to December 31, 2016 from September 30, 2016, and at the same time financial covenants at September 30, 2016 were established. The company was in breach of all its financial covenants at September 30, 2016 and shall be negotiating a waiver of the breach. However, there can be no assurance of either a successful outcome to the negotiation and its timing or the amount of the financial cost, if any, that may be attached to the issuance of the waiver.

The new 12% debentures are secured by a general security interest over the assets of the company and its subsidiaries. If the company were to breach a financial covenant or were unable to pay its debts as they came due, it would be in default under the new 12% debentures agreement and, as a result, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to waive the event of default, demand immediate payment of the new 12% debentures in full or modify the terms and conditions of the new 12% debentures including key terms such as repayment terms, interest rates and security. If the company is unable to secure alternative financing to repay the new 12% debentures, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to realize upon a part or all of the security held by them.

Movement on the new 12% debentures

	<u>Debt portion</u>
	\$
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 4,864,802
Accretion charge for the year	233,971
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$ 5,098,773
Accretion charge for the period	60,227
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 5,159,000

Stated interest charges and accretion charges with respect to the debentures are as follows:

	<u>Period ended September 30, 2016</u>		<u>Period ended September 30, 2015</u>	
	<u>Stated interest</u>	<u>Accretion charge</u>	<u>Stated interest</u>	<u>Accretion charge</u>
	\$	\$	\$	\$
new 12% debentures	\$ 155,616	\$ 60,227	\$ 156,042	\$ 57,466

9 Share capital

Authorized and Issued share capital. No change during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

10 Share-based payments

Employee stock options

The company has a stock option plan for directors, officers, employees and consultants. The number of employee stock options issuable per the company's stock option plan is 16,688,546.

	Number of employee stock options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding and Exercisable at June 30, 2016	4,100,000	\$ 0.03
Outstanding and Exercisable at September 30, 2016	4,100,000	\$ 0.03

The outstanding and exercisable employee stock options at and September 30, 2016 were issued at exercise prices ranging between \$0.025 and \$0.05, and have a weighted average remaining contractual life of just under a year. The employee stock options expire at various periods between February 2017 and March 2018.

The number of employee stock options available for future issuance as at June 30, 2016 and September 30, 2016 was 12,588,546.

Potentially Dilutive Securities

Upon exercise of the employee stock options exercisable as at September 30, 2016, the company is committed to issuing 4,100,000 common shares.

11 Related party transactions

Directors and Officers

In December 2013 these related parties purchased new 12% debentures (note 8), on terms and conditions applicable to the other subscribers. The holdings of debentures are tabulated:

	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Director, Chief Executive Officer - K. Ambrose	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Director, Chairman of the Board of Directors - S. Burns	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
Director - W. Polley	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
Director - M. Lavine	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Chief Financial Officer - M. Sabharwal	\$ 115,000	\$ 115,000
	\$ 1,215,000	\$ 1,215,000

12 Commitments and contingencies

Commitments

As at September 30, 2016, the company is committed to minimum payments with respect to existing leases for equipment and premises:

	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Premises</u>	<u>Total</u>
	\$	\$	\$
Not later than one year	\$ 57,453	\$ 87,433	\$ 144,886
Later than one year and not later than five years	\$ 50,258	\$ -	\$ 50,258
Later than five years	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ 107,711	\$ 87,433	\$ 195,144

The expense related to above leases is expensed in selling and marketing, and general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income.

A significant portion of the commitments for premises is for the company's head office (note 1). The lease expires in September, 2017.

Taxation

As of date hereof, the company does not have a decision to the notice it has filed with Canada Revenue Agency to confirm the appropriateness of the company's treatment of HST/GST for the periods subsequent to fiscal 2007.

13 Earnings per share

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) for the period attributable to equity owners of the company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for dilutive instruments. The number of shares included with respect to options, warrants and similar instruments is computed using the treasury stock method.

Basic and Diluted EPS are tabulated.

	Period ended September 30, 2016	Period ended September 30, 2015
	\$	\$
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ (149,405)	\$ (107,672)
Basic and Diluted EPS		
Average number of issued common shares during the period	139,071,218	139,071,218
Basic EPS	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)

The company's potentially dilutive common shares comprise stock options granted to employees (position as at September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015 tabulated under note 10).

The computation for diluted EPS for 3 months ended September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015 is not provided because the effect of potential exercise of the dilutive common shares would be anti-dilutive.

14 Nature of expenses

	Period ended September 30, 2016	Period ended September 30, 2015
	\$	\$
Direct expenses		
Costs of a) cardholders awards, and marketing and advertising in connection with the company's merchant based loyalty programs; b) cost of sales related to sale of aeronotes; and c) cost of sales of digital marketing services; and	\$ 697,764	\$ 744,419
Expense for provision against impaired accounts receivable and transaction credits	<u>179,594</u>	<u>138,650</u>
	\$ 877,358	\$ 883,069
Selling and Marketing, and General & Administrative		
Salaries and wages including travel	\$ 1,086,383	\$ 1,352,488
Professional fees	103,739	71,411
Facilities, processing, and office expenses	197,107	215,285
Other	<u>11,022</u>	<u>8,629</u>
	\$ 1,398,251	\$ 1,647,813

15 Segment reporting

The company's reportable segments include: (1) CIBC/TD program, (2) Aeroplan program and (3) Caesars program. Where applicable, corporate and other activities are reported separately as Corporate.

The CIBC/TD program relates to the merchant-based loyalty program the company developed and manages for CIBC and TD.

The company operates Aimia's Aeroplan loyalty program in the independent merchant business segment, primarily as a re-seller of aeroplan miles. The company's Aeroplan program relates to merchant based loyalty program the company developed and manages for Aimia.

Financial information by reportable segment for period ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 is tabulated.

The Chief Operating Decision Maker reviews the segment income statement. The segment assets and liabilities are not reviewed.

For the period ended September 30, 2016

	CIBC/TD program	Aeroplan program	Caesars program	Corporate	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	2,121,992	471,022	11,223	33	2,604,270
Direct expenses	<u>574,427</u>	<u>294,244</u>	<u>8,687</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>877,358</u>
	1,547,565	176,778	2,536	33	1,726,912
Selling & marketing	445,590	30,550	29,567	-	505,707
General & administrative	<u>727,265</u>	<u>161,432</u>	<u>3,847</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>892,544</u>
Earnings (loss) from operations before depreciation, amortization and interest	374,710	(15,204)	(30,878)	33	328,661
Interest - loan payable	183,378	-	-	-	183,378
Interest - Non convertible debentures payable	175,874	39,039	930	-	215,843
Depreciation and amortization	<u>64,245</u>	<u>14,261</u>	<u>339</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>78,845</u>
Segment profit/(loss)	<u>(48,787)</u>	<u>(68,504)</u>	<u>(32,147)</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>(149,405)</u>

For the period ended September 30, 2015

	CIBC/TD program	Aeroplan program	Caesars program	Corporate	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	2,514,518	449,506	31,185	45	2,995,254
Direct expenses	<u>615,391</u>	<u>258,146</u>	<u>9,532</u>	-	<u>883,069</u>
	1,899,127	191,360	21,653	45	2,112,185
Selling & marketing	592,647	91,777	55,004	-	739,428
General & administrative	<u>762,601</u>	<u>136,326</u>	<u>9,458</u>	-	<u>908,385</u>
Earnings (loss) from operations before depreciation, amortization and interest	543,879	(36,743)	(42,809)	45	464,372
Interest - loan payable	227,429	-	-	-	227,429
Interest - Non convertible debentures payable	179,243	32,042	2,223	-	213,508
Depreciation and amortization	<u>110,066</u>	<u>19,676</u>	<u>1,365</u>	-	<u>131,107</u>
Segment profit/(loss)	<u>27,141</u>	<u>(88,461)</u>	<u>(46,397)</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>(107,672)</u>

16 Comparatives

Certain of the comparative figures have been re-classified to conform to consolidated financial presentation adopted in the current year.

SCHEDULE C

ADVANTEXTM MARKETING INTERNATIONAL INC. **Management's Discussion and Analysis of Operating Results** For the three month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

This management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") has been prepared based on information available to Advantex Marketing International Inc. ("Advantex" or "the company") as at November 21, 2016. MD&A is a narrative explanation to enable the reader to assess material changes in the financial condition and results of operations of the company during the three month period ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three month period ended September 30, 2015. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the company's audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes for the twelve months ended June 30, 2016, and the interim consolidated financial statements and the related notes for the three months ended September 30, 2016 which are available on www.sedar.com. All dollar amounts are stated in Canadian Dollars, which is the company's presentation and functional currency, unless otherwise noted. Certain dollar amounts have been rounded and may not tie directly to the interim and audited consolidated financial statements.

Overall Performance

Advantex is a leader in the marketing services industry. The company develops and manages merchant based loyalty programs for its "Affinity partners", Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce ("CIBC"), The Toronto Dominion Bank ("TD"), Aimia Inc. ("Aimia") and Caesars Entertainment Corporation ("Caesars"). The programs the company operates in partnership with CIBC and TD ("CIBC/TD program"), Aimia ("Aeroplan program") and Caesars ("Caesars program") enable holders of designated CIBC and TD credit cards, members of Aeroplan, and Caesars Total Rewards (holders and members together "consumers") to accelerate earning frequent flyer miles and/or other rewards ("consumer rewards") on completing purchases at participating merchants. Under the umbrella of each program, Advantex markets participating merchants to consumers and on behalf of the merchants issues consumer rewards, provides merchants with business intelligence connected to the spending behaviour of consumers, and at its sole discretion provides merchants with working capital by the pre-purchase of their future sales.

On a combined basis, Advantex has contractual marketing access to millions of Canadian consumers with above-average personal and household income. The company's merchant partner base currently consists of about 1,300 merchants participating in the three programs and operating across Canada and the US in diverse business segments: restaurants; golf courses; independent inns, resorts and selected hotels; spas; retailers of men's and ladies fashion, footwear and accessories; retailers of sporting goods; florists and garden centres; book and newspaper stores; health and beauty centres; dry cleaners; gift stores; home décor; automotive dealers, service centers; and tire dealerships, many of which are leaders in their respective business segment.

Advantex earns its revenue from merchants participating in its CIBC/TD program, in the form of an agreed marketing fee, for every purchase completed using an eligible CIBC and TD credit card at their establishments. Advantex earns its revenue in the Aeroplan program from selling consumer rewards (aeroplan miles), at an agreed price per consumer reward, to participating merchants. Merchants participating in the Caesars program pay an agreed monthly participation fee.

Advantex's common shares are traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol ADX.

Summary – Three months ended September 30, 2016

The company's business performance was stable for the Quarter, while it continues to seek growth funds through recapitalization, in order to take advantage of expansion opportunities.

The financial highlights for the three months ended September 30, 2016 ("Q1 Fiscal 2017") compared to three months ended September 30, 2015 ("Q1 Fiscal 2016") are summarized in the tabulation:

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Revenues		
CIBC/TD program	\$ 2,121,992	\$ 2,514,518
Aeroplan program	471,022	449,506
Caesars program	11,223	31,185
Misc	33	45
	\$ 2,604,270	\$ 2,995,254
Gross profit	\$ 1,726,912	\$ 2,112,185
Gross margin	66.3%	70.5%
Earnings from operations before depreciation, amortization and interest	\$ 328,661	\$ 464,372
Net loss and Comprehensive loss	\$ (149,405)	\$ (107,672)

Income Statement – Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016

The \$390,984 drop in the company's revenues reflects mainly the decline in CIBC/TD revenues of \$392,526. CIBC/TD program accounts for a significant share of the company's revenues (over 80% in both fiscal periods). The decline primarily reflects lower merchant participation in the CIBC/TD program. The average merchant participation during Q1 Fiscal 2017 at 803 was 10.4% lower compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016. The decline in merchant participation is explained in the section Revenues in this document.

Gross profit decline of \$385,273 reflects mainly the \$351,562 decline in gross profit from CIBC/TD program.

CIBC/TD program accounts for a significant share of the company's gross profit (about 90% in both fiscal periods). The decline reflects lower CIBC/TD revenues and a drop in program margin, 72.9% for Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to 75.5% for Q1 Fiscal 2016. Gross profit is reviewed in sections Direct expenses and Gross profit in this document.

SG&A expenses are \$249,562 lower compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016. The lower selling expenses reflect staff reductions during the November 2015 – February 2016 period. The company did not fill these positions because of the slow selling season from December 2015 to mid-February 2016, slow economy and pending evaluation of its go to market strategy. The General & Administrative expenses were flat to Q1 Fiscal 2016 reflecting continued focus on cost management.

The decline of \$135,711 in earnings from operations before depreciation, amortization and interest reflect lower SG&A which partially offsets decline in gross profit.

Q1 Fiscal 2017 reflects a decrease in interest cost (\$41,716) – see Interest Expense section – and depreciation and amortization expense (\$52,262) compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016.

Q1 Fiscal 2017 net loss of \$149,405 is an increase of \$41,733 compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016.

Balance Sheet – Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016

During Q1 Fiscal 2017 the CIBC/TD program merchant population declined from 911 at September 30, 2015 to 767 at September 30, 2016 and this is reflected in the decline, net of provision for delinquent accounts, of \$2,454,419 in transaction credits. Transaction credits of \$6,252,747 at September 30, 2016 compared to \$8,707,166 at September 30, 2015. Decline in transaction credits is the primary reason for decline in current and total assets of \$2,627,266 and \$3,000,787 at September 30, 2016 compared to position at September 30, 2015. The decline in merchant participation is discussed in the section Revenue in this document.

The drop in loan payable, which is used exclusively to fund 85% of transaction credits deployed with merchants participating in the CIBC/TD program's APM product reflects decline in merchant participation. Loan payable at September 30, 2016 of \$4,808,293 compared to \$6,408,111 at September 30, 2015, a drop of \$1,599,818. In addition, decline in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$688,525 between September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2016 reflects \$377,819 the company used to settle severances consequent to restructuring during Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

A detailed look at the results for Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016 is set out in the following sections.

Outlook

The company continues to maintain the outlook noted in the management discussion and analysis for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

The company has had to overcome structural and competitive challenges during Fiscal 2015 and Fiscal 2016. While it has successfully done so, the financial cost in terms of righting its business deprived it of working capital to support the growth of the business. This is reflected in lower merchant participation levels – the key indicator of the health of the business - during Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 and Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and Q1 Fiscal 2016.

The company's 12% Non-Convertible Debentures Payable ("new 12% debentures") mature December 31, 2016. The company does not have the ability to re-pay the new 12% debentures on maturity. The company is seeking to re-finance the new 12% debentures and raise funds for growth. While in the past the company was able to re-finance its new 12% debentures there can be no assurance the company will be successful in either re-financing its new 12% debentures or raise additional capital in the form of either debt and or equity to support the growth of the business.

The company's assets are its Affinity partnerships with CIBC, TD, Aimia and Caesars, its merchant portfolio and its unique product offerings which seamlessly connect, through the company's proprietary technology, merchants to consumers. The company believes that it has a unique product

– working capital and loyalty marketing at affordable prices - for the small independent merchant space. The company's systems and processes can rapidly onboard new affinity partners and the business is scalable. Loyalty marketing is a multi-billion dollar business in North America and Advantex is well positioned to gain a wider share of this market with its proprietary technology and its outstanding partners. Based on initial discussions with organizations across North America it believes it has the opportunity to expand its operations beyond Canada. But to do so it needs access to working capital.

The company is operating in a weak economy and given its difficult operating environment, without access to additional working capital it is not expecting improvement in financial performance during the next twelve months.

The company believes it has the support of its Affinity and Financial partners, and its staff. The company renewed its agreement with TD for an additional one year term expiring in June 2017. In September 2016 the company announced extension of its agreement with CIBC until September 30, 2017. The company and Aimia are close to finalizing the restructuring of the commercial terms of the agreement. The company's loan payable facility with Accord Financial Inc. ("Accord") was renewed for one year to December 2017. In September 2016 the company secured an extension of the maturity date to December 31, 2016 from September 30, 2016 of the new 12% debentures. However, there is no assurance of continued support in the absence of improvement in the company's financial performance.

Results of Operations

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Revenues	\$ 2,604,270	\$ 2,995,254
Direct Expenses - Cost of cardholder rewards and marketing merchants to cardholders	697,764	744,419
Direct Expenses - Expense for provision against delinquent accounts	<u>179,594</u>	<u>138,650</u>
Gross profit	\$ 1,726,912	\$ 2,112,185
Selling and General & Administrative	<u>1,398,251</u>	<u>1,647,813</u>
Earnings from operations before depreciation, amortization and interest	\$ 328,661	\$ 464,372
Cash interest on loan payable and debentures	<u>338,994</u>	<u>383,471</u>
Earnings (loss) from operations before depreciation, amortization and non-cash interest on debentures (accretion charges)	\$ (10,333)	\$ 80,901
Depreciation and amortization	78,845	131,107
Non-cash interest expense on debentures	<u>60,227</u>	<u>57,466</u>
Net loss and Comprehensive loss	\$ (149,405)	\$ (107,672)
Basic and Diluted loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)

Extract from the Statement of Financial Position

	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016	Increase/ (Decrease)
	\$	\$	\$
Current assets	\$ 7,722,917	\$ 8,579,940	\$ (857,023)
Total assets	\$ 7,880,042	\$ 8,815,910	\$ (935,868)
Shareholders' deficiency	\$ (5,522,513)	\$ (5,373,108)	\$ 149,405

The change in current assets primarily reflects a decrease in transaction credits (net of provision for delinquent accounts) of \$1,099,515, increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$439,239 and decrease in accounts receivable of \$212,268. The decrease in transaction credits primarily reflects lower merchant participation in the CIBC/TD program. The cash balances at the end of a quarter / year reflect utilization of cash in and by the operations of the company, the timing difference between the company's ongoing deployment and collection of transaction credits from merchants participating in its CIBC/TD program's APM product, balances of Affinity partner funds which are designated for initiatives to promote the program (at September 30, 2016 \$192,202 compared to \$124,499 at June 30, 2016), and more efficient collection from accounts receivable. Decrease in accounts receivable of \$212,268 reflects lower accounts receivable (\$111,715) from merchants participating in the Aeroplan program primarily reflecting collection efforts and receipt of amounts due from Affinity partners (\$114,855) both of which are reflected in higher cash balance.

The change in the total assets primarily reflects decrease in the current assets.

The movement in the shareholders' deficit reflects net loss during Q1 Fiscal 2017.

Extracts from the Statement of Cash Flow

	Q1 Fiscal 2017	Q1 Fiscal 2016	Change
	\$	\$	\$
Net loss	\$ (149,405)	\$ (107,672)	\$ (41,733)
Adjustments for non cash expenses	139,072	188,573	(49,501)
Income (loss) after adjustments for non cash expenses	\$ (10,333)	\$ 80,901	\$ (91,234)
Decrease in severance payable	-	(249,214)	249,214
Changes in working capital	1,174,546	(773,351)	1,947,897
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities supporting working capital	(724,974)	696,586	(1,421,560)
Net cash provided by (used in) operations and financing activities	\$ 439,239	\$ (245,078)	\$ 684,317
Net cash (used in) investing activities	-	(18,026)	18,026
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	439,239	\$ (263,104)	\$ 702,343
Cash and cash equivalents at start of period	\$ 658,678	\$ 1,162,609	\$ (503,931)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,097,917	\$ 899,505	\$ 198,412

Changes in working capital. Transaction credits, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and other working capital items. During Q1 Fiscal 2017 the changes reflect decrease in transaction credits, net of provision for delinquent accounts, of \$1,099,515 which is a reflection of a decrease in merchant participation. Decrease in accounts receivable of \$212,268 reflects lower accounts receivable (\$111,715) from merchants participating in the Aeroplan program primarily reflecting collection efforts and receipt of amounts due from Affinity partners (\$114,855) both of which are reflected in higher cash balance. Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities reflects payments, per payment plan, to an affinity partner. During Q1 Fiscal 2016 the changes reflect primarily increase in transaction credits, net of provision for delinquent accounts, of \$887,519 which is a reflection of an increase in merchant participation. In addition, reflected in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$249,214 the company used to settle severances consequent to restructuring during Fiscal 2015.

Financing activities. During Q1 Fiscal 2017 and Q1 Fiscal 2016 movement in loan payable reflects changes in merchant participation. Merchant participation is discussed in the section Revenue.

Investing activities. These are discussed in section Capital Resources in this document. For the Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 the company expects capital expenditures to be on par with Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. In the fourth quarter of Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and Q1 Fiscal 2016 the company was able to secure leasing arrangements to meet the cost of IT hardware and its operationalizing. The financial commitments on these leases is provided in the section Contractual Obligations in this document. The company expects to secure lease arrangements for significant expenditures during Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

The presentations in Results of Operations section are not set out in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). The presentations are extracts from the interim consolidated financial statement for the three months ended September 30, 2016, and have been included to provide additional analysis for the reader.

Revenue

The company’s revenue is derived from merchants participating in its Retail programs which currently consist of the CIBC/TD program, the Aeroplan program and Caesars program.

The Retail programs have four business products. APM, Marketing Only, Re-seller and Participation fee which are described later in this section.

The CIBC/TD program operates the APM, and Marketing Only business products.

The Aeroplan program operates the Re-seller product.

The Caesars program operates the Participation fee product.

The nature of the company’s products is as follows:

Advance Purchase Marketing (“APM”): The company acquires the rights to cash flow from future designated CIBC and TD credit card transactions at a discount from participating merchants (transaction credits on consolidated statement of financial position) and promotes the merchant by way of targeted marketing to holders of designated CIBC/TD credit cards, issues consumer rewards to consumers when they complete purchases at participating merchants, and provides merchants with business intelligence connected to the spending behaviour of consumers. The company’s revenue is

from the purchases completed at the participating merchants using designated CIBC and TD credit cards, net of the company's costs to acquire the transaction credits. Proceeds from the amount spent on above noted CIBC/TD credit cards at participating merchants are received by the company and a predetermined portion is applied to reduce the transaction credit balance that the merchant owes.

Marketing Only: The company does not acquire transaction credits. In all other respects Marketing Only is similar to APM. Revenue is earned in the form of an agreed marketing fee for every purchase completed using CIBC/TD credit card (as defined under APM) at participating merchants.

Re-seller: The company sells aeroplane miles to small and mid-sized retailers and service providers. Revenue is recognized, at the agreed price per aeroplane mile, when the participating merchant issues aeroplane miles to an Aeroplane member completing a qualifying transaction at the merchant.

Participation fee: The company markets participating merchants to Caesars Total Rewards members and the merchant issues total rewards loyalty points to Total Rewards members completing a qualifying transaction at the merchant. The merchant pays an agreed monthly fee to Advantex.

The drivers for revenues from the CIBC/TD program are:

1. Number of participating merchants;
2. Market penetration of the CIBC/TD credit cards;
3. Economic environment. The uncertain economy is affecting consumer spending habits;
4. Mix of merchants in terms of their volume of CIBC/TD credit card transactions; and
5. Participation levels in APM and Marketing Only. The fees that a merchant would pay for participation in the APM product is higher compared to Marketing Only.

The revenues from the Re-seller product reflect the number of participating merchants, traffic of aeroplane members completing purchases at participating merchants and the level of engagement of participating merchants in the program.

The revenues from the Caesars program are dependent on the number of participating merchants. The program expansion was launched in February 2015 in the Philadelphia market. About 60 merchants are participating in the program as of date hereof.

The company believes the primary driver of revenues across all programs is the number of merchants participating in the programs.

The revenue trends are provided in the tabulation.

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Inc./ (Dec)</u>	<u>Inc./ (Dec)</u>
Avg. # of merchants participating during the periods				
CIBC/TD program	803	896		-10.4%
Aeroplan program	544	672		-19.0%
	\$	\$	\$	
Revenues				
CIBC/TD program	\$ 2,121,992	\$ 2,514,518	\$ (392,526)	-15.6%
Aeroplan program	471,022	449,506	21,516	4.8%
Caesars program	11,223	31,185	(19,962)	
Misc	33	45	(12)	
	<u>\$ 2,604,270</u>	<u>\$ 2,995,254</u>	<u>\$ (390,984)</u>	

CIBC/TD program

The lower merchant participation during Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016 and reflection of the full impact during Q1 Fiscal 2017 of marketing fee reduction - which was implemented towards the end of the third quarter of Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 to boost new merchant participation and improve retention - are the primary reasons for the declines in the program revenues.

The lower merchant participation during Q1 Fiscal 2017 reflects primarily lower sales staffing levels compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016. During Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 the company made additional staffing changes in the sales organization. The company did not fill these positions because of the slow economy and pending evaluation of its go to market strategy. During Q1 Fiscal 2017 the company started to fill vacant positions and is in continuous evaluation of staffing until its settles on the optimal sales team. This process is taking longer than expected and consequently the company expects a delay in bounce back of merchant participation until start of the fourth quarter of the current fiscal year.

A weak economy impacted both years in terms of selling and retention.

Aeroplan program

A wholesale account offset the decline in sales of aeroplan miles and revenues from regular merchant accounts. The decline in revenues from regular merchant accounts primarily reflects decline in merchant participation of 19% and lower issuance of aeroplan miles at participating merchants.

As noted in MD&A for year ended June 30, 2016 Aimia's long term agreement with a customer has excluded the company from selling and operating in a business segment. There is a gradual loss of merchants – they exit from the program upon expiry of their agreement with the company - from the business segment. This is the primary reason for decline in merchant population.

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Change</u>
Aeroplan miles			
A wholesale account	6,748,664	589,968	1043.9%
All other merchants	<u>9,750,022</u>	<u>13,014,047</u>	-25.1%
	<u>16,498,686</u>	<u>13,604,015</u>	21.3%
Revenues			
A wholesale account	\$ 145,096	\$ 13,569	969.3%
All other merchants	315,386	435,937	-27.7%
Misc	<u>10,540</u>	<u>-</u>	
	<u>\$ 471,022</u>	<u>\$ 449,506</u>	4.8%

Direct Expenses

In the CIBC/TD program, direct expenses include costs of consumer rewards which the company purchases from CIBC and TD, the cost of marketing and advertising on behalf of merchants, cost of sales related to sale of aeronotes, cost of sales of digital marketing services and provision against receivables.

In the Aeroplan program, direct expenses are primarily costs of consumer rewards which the company purchases from Aimia. Other costs include cost of marketing and advertising on behalf of merchants and provision against receivables.

Caesars program direct expenses are costs of consumer rewards which the company purchases from Caesars.

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Inc./ (Dec)</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Revenues			
CIBC/TD program	\$ 2,121,992	\$ 2,514,518	-15.6%
Aeroplan program	471,022	449,506	4.8%
Caesars program	11,223	31,185	-64.0%
Misc	33	45	
	<u>\$ 2,604,270</u>	<u>\$ 2,995,254</u>	-13.1%
Direct expenses			
CIBC/TD program	\$ 574,427	\$ 615,391	-6.7%
Aeroplan program	294,244	258,146	14.0%
Caesars program	8,687	9,532	-8.9%
	<u>\$ 877,358</u>	<u>\$ 883,069</u>	-0.6%

➤ CIBC/TD program

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Inc./ (Dec)</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Avg. # of merchants participating during the periods	803	896	-10.4%
Revenue	\$ 2,121,992	\$ 2,514,518	-15.6%
Direct expenses			
Consumer rewards	\$ 347,781	\$ 387,350	-10.2%
Marketing and advertising	103,052	149,141	-30.9%
Marketing support by Affinity partners	(50,000)	(50,000)	0.0%
Expense for delinquent accounts	173,594	128,900	34.7%
	<u>\$ 574,427</u>	<u>\$ 615,391</u>	-6.7%

The Q1 Fiscal 2017 decline in cost of consumer rewards primarily reflects decline in merchant population.

The Q1 Fiscal 2017 decrease in marketing and advertising costs relative to merchant participation and revenues primarily reflects timing of marketing expenditures which vary in a fiscal year. Timing is driven by marketing needs of the merchant portfolio and the marketing calendars of Affinity partners.

The Q1 Fiscal 2017 expense for delinquent accounts – at 8.2% of revenues - is ahead of expectations. The company expects the expense for Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 to revert to Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 trend of 5.5% of revenues. Delinquencies are discussed in the section Critical Accounting Estimates – Credit Risk.

➤ Aeroplan program.

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Inc./ (Dec)</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Avg. # of merchants participating during the periods	544	672	-19.0%
Revenue	\$ 471,022	\$ 449,506	4.8%
Direct expenses			
Consumer rewards	288,244	248,396	16.0%
Misc., including expense for delinquent accounts	<u>6,000</u>	<u>9,750</u>	-38.5%
	<u>\$ 294,244</u>	<u>\$ 258,146</u>	14.0%

The increase in Q1 Fiscal 2017 revenues despite a decline in merchant population reflects revenues from a wholesale account and this account carries a lower margin. The details are provided in the tabulation:

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>
Aeroplan miles					
A wholesale account	6,748,664	589,968	1043.9%		
All other merchants	<u>9,750,022</u>	<u>13,014,047</u>	-25.1%		
	<u>16,498,686</u>	<u>13,604,015</u>	21.3%		
Revenues					
A wholesale account	\$ 145,096	\$ 13,569	969.3%		
All other merchants	315,386	435,937	-27.7%		
Misc	<u>10,540</u>	<u>-</u>			
	<u>\$ 471,022</u>	<u>\$ 449,506</u>	4.8%		
Gross profit and margin					
		<u>Gross profit</u>		<u>Gross margin</u>	
A wholesale account	\$ 30,369	\$ 3,540	757.9%	20.9%	26.1%
All other merchants	135,869	187,820	-27.7%	43.1%	43.1%
Misc	<u>10,540</u>	<u>-</u>			
	<u>\$ 176,778</u>	<u>\$ 191,360</u>	-7.6%	37.5%	42.6%

Gross Profit

Gross margins of Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016 are tabulated.

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>
CIBC/TD program	72.9%	75.5%
Aeroplan program	37.5%	42.6%

Drop in Q1 Fiscal 2017 CIBC/TD program gross margin reflects higher direct expenses which are explained in section Direct Expenses in this document.

Drop in Q1 Fiscal 2017 Aeroplan margin reflects revenues from a wholesale account (during Q1 Fiscal 2017 accounts for 30.8% of revenues compared to 3.0% during Q1 Fiscal 2016) with a 20.9% margin for Q1 Fiscal 2017. The margin from regular merchants is steady – 43.1% for Q1 Fiscal 2017 and Q1 Fiscal 2016. See section Direct Expenses in this document for details of direct expenses.

The company gross profit was lower in Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016 reflecting primarily a decline in revenues and margin of CIBC/TD program.

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Inc./ (Dec)</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
CIBC/TD program	\$ 1,547,565	\$ 1,899,127	-18.5%
Aeroplan program	\$ 176,778	191,360	-7.6%
Caesars program	\$ 2,536	21,653	-88.3%
Misc	\$ 33	45	
	<u>\$ 1,726,912</u>	<u>\$ 2,112,185</u>	<u>-18.2%</u>

Selling Expenses

Selling expenses include expenses arising from remuneration of sales staff, transaction processing and other selling activities. The significant component is cost of sales staff.

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Inc./ (Dec)</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Revenues			
CIBC/TD program	\$ 2,121,992	\$ 2,514,518	-15.6%
Aeroplan program	471,022	449,506	4.8%
Caesars program	11,223	31,185	-64.0%
Misc	<u>33</u>	<u>45</u>	0.0%
	\$ 2,604,270	\$ 2,995,254	-13.1%
Selling expenses			
CIBC/TD program	\$ 445,590	\$ 592,647	-24.8%
Aeroplan program	30,550	91,777	-66.7%
Caesars program	<u>29,567</u>	<u>55,004</u>	-46.2%
	\$ 505,707	\$ 739,428	-31.6%
Remuneration of sales staff	\$ 453,096	\$ 667,338	
Remuneration as % of selling expenses	89.6%	90.3%	

CIBC/TD program

The lower selling costs during Q1 Fiscal 2017 reflect lower headcount consequent to some staff reductions during November 2015 through April 2016. The company did not fill these positions because of the slow selling season from December 2015 to mid-February 2016, slow economy and pending evaluation of its go to market strategy. During Q1 Fiscal 2017 the company started to fill vacant positions and is in continuous evaluation of staffing until its settles on the optimal sales team.

Aeroplan program

The lower selling costs during Q1 Fiscal 2017 reflect staff reductions during November 2015 to adjust and re-focus the sales organization and align to expected medium term activity levels.

General and Administrative Expenses (“G&A”)

G&A expenses include compensation for all non-sales staff, professional fees, head office premises costs, shareholder and public relations costs, office overheads, capital and income taxes, and foreign exchange gains/(losses).

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Inc./ (Dec)</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Change in revenues			-13.1%
G&A			
Compensation for non-sales staff	\$ 609,437	\$ 644,478	-5.4%
Less: software development costs capitalized (details provided under section Capital Expenditures in this document)	<u>-</u>	<u>(17,236)</u>	
	\$ 609,437	\$ 627,242	-2.8%
All other G&A expenses	<u>283,107</u>	<u>281,143</u>	
	\$ 892,544	\$ 908,385	-1.7%

Compensation

Both periods reflect the staffing adequate to handle the existing and expected medium term activity levels.

All other expenses

Both periods reflect focus on cost management.

Interest Expense

The interest expense is tabulated:

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Inc./ (Dec)</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Stated ("Cash") interest expense			
Loan payable	\$ 183,378	\$ 227,429	-19.4%
new 12% debentures	<u>155,616</u>	<u>156,042</u>	
	\$ 338,994	\$ 383,471	-11.6%
Non cash interest (accretion charge) on new 12% debentures	<u>\$ 60,227</u>	<u>\$ 57,466</u>	
	\$ 399,221	\$ 440,937	-9.5%

The company deployed the funds available to it under loan payable and new 12% debentures with merchants activated under its CIBC/TD program's APM product. The funds deployed are reflected as transaction credits on the consolidated statement of financial position. The funds available under the new 12% debentures were also used for other working capital purposes.

Stated interest expense on loan payable reflects the utilization of funds under this line of credit facility and prime rate which determines the facility interest rate (prime rate of a certain Canadian bank plus 11.5%). Average month end utilization of loan payable during Q1 Fiscal 2017 was \$5,028,093 compared to \$6,126, 619 during Q1 Fiscal 2016, a lower utilization of 17.9%

Net Loss

Highlights of Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016 are tabulated:

	Q1 Fiscal 2017	Q1 Fiscal 2016	Inc./ (Dec)
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	\$ 2,604,270	\$ 2,995,254	\$ (390,984)
Gross margin	66.3%	70.5%	
Gross profit	\$ 1,726,912	\$ 2,112,185	\$ (385,273)
Earnings from operations before depreciation, amortization and interest	\$ 328,661	\$ 464,372	\$ (135,711)
Net loss and Comprehensive loss	\$ (149,405)	\$ (107,672)	\$ (41,733)
Basic and Diluted loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	

The \$390,984 drop in the company's revenues reflects mainly the decline in CIBC/TD revenues of \$392,526. Gross margin reflects decline in CIBC/TD program, 72.9% for Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to 75.5% for Q1 Fiscal 2016 and decline in Aeroplan program 37.5% for Q1 Fiscal 2017 compared to 42.6% for Q1 Fiscal 2016. Gross profit decline of \$385,273 reflects mainly the \$351,562 decline in gross profit from CIBC/TD program. Q1 Fiscal 2017 SG&A expenses are \$249,562 lower compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016. The decline of \$135,711 in earnings from operations before depreciation, amortization and interest reflect lower SG&A which partially offsets decline in gross profit. Q1 Fiscal 2017 reflects a decrease in interest cost (\$41,716) – see Interest Expense section – and depreciation and amortization expense (\$52,262) compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016. Q1 Fiscal 2017 net loss of \$149,405 is an increase of \$41,733 compared to Q1 Fiscal 2016.

The above changes are explained in the respective sections earlier in this document.

Working Capital and Liquidity Management

	Q1 Fiscal 2017	Q1 Fiscal 2016
	\$	\$
Funds available to expand the CIBC/TD programs APM product (Transaction credits on the balance sheet) and meet working capital needs		
Net loss	\$ (149,405)	\$ (107,672)
Adjustments for non cash expenses	139,072	188,573
Profit (Loss) after adjustment for non cash expenses	(10,333)	80,901
Cash balances at start of the period	658,678	1,162,609
Inc. (Dec) in loan payable	(724,974)	696,586
Dec. in accounts receivable	212,268	32,057
	\$ 135,639	\$ 1,972,153
Utilization of funds		
Cash balances at end of period	\$ 1,097,917	\$ 899,505
Inc. (Dec) in transaction credits	(1,099,515)	887,519
Dec. in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	121,716	170,631
Changes in all other working capital items	15,521	(3,528)
Capital expenditures	-	18,026
	\$ 135,639	\$ 1,972,153

The cash and cash equivalents, and accounts receivable at September 30, 2016 include \$192,202 of amounts received/receivable from our Affinity partners CIBC and TD to be invested in marketing the program (at June 30, 2016 \$239,354 and at September 30, 2015 \$469,717). Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at September 30, 2016, June 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015 reflect the corresponding liability.

The company believes that increasing the amount of the transaction credits deployed with merchants under the CIBC/TD program's APM product will result in higher revenue and, consequently, improve the company's financial results and cash flows. Generally, the change in transaction credits partially reflects the change in the number of merchants participating in the APM product, as well as the amount of transaction credits deployed with its existing merchants.

Capital expenditures relate primarily to the investment in the company's IT infrastructure and software development. The investments are necessary to support the company's growth and program expectations of its partners.

Changes in working capital – Transaction credits, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and other working capital items. During Q1 Fiscal 2017 the changes reflect decrease in transaction credits, net of provision for delinquent accounts, of \$1,099,515 which is a reflection of a decrease in merchant participation. During Q1 Fiscal 2016 the changes reflect primarily increase in transaction credits, net of provision for delinquent accounts, of \$887,519 which is a reflection of an increase in merchant participation. In addition, reflected in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$249,214 the company used to settle severances consequent to restructuring during Fiscal year ended

June 30, 2015.

Financing activities. During Q1 Fiscal 2017 decrease in loan payable reflects lower merchant participation. The increase in merchant participation during Q1 Fiscal 2016 is reflected in an increase in loan payable. Merchant participation is discussed in the section Revenue.

Investing activities. These are discussed in section Capital Resources in this document. For the Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 the company expects capital expenditures to be on par with Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The company expects to secure lease arrangements for significant expenditures during Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

The company carries cash balances sufficient to meet its operational needs. From time to time the company enters into payment plans with vendors. The company has reached a payment plan with CIBC to settle outstanding amounts (as at September 30, 2016 \$388,991) by July 31, 2017. The payment plan calls for monthly payments. Failure by the company to comply with the payment plan will constitute a material breach and CIBC may choose, at its discretion, to terminate its agreement with the company.

While, generally the cash balances at the end of a quarter / year reflect cash generated /(used) by operations (profit (loss) before depreciation of property, plant and equipment, and amortization of intangible assets; and non-cash interest on debentures), the timing difference between the company's ongoing collection of transaction credits from merchants participating in its CIBC/TD program's APM product and deploying advances to existing and new merchants, the following are the additional considerations:

As at September 30, 2016, as noted earlier in this section, also included in cash and cash equivalents are funds totaling \$192,202 provided by Affinity partners CIBC and TD. At September 30, 2015 \$469,717. Furthermore, Q1 Fiscal 2017 reflects more efficient collection of accounts receivable from merchants participating in Aeroplan program (at September 30, 2016 \$157,537 which is \$111,715 lower compared to June 30, 2016).

The company's operations are funded by debt – loan payable and new 12% debentures (see sections Loan Payable and 12% Non-Convertible Debentures Payable in this document). To continue its current operations and fund growth during and beyond Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the company requires continued access to its existing levels of debt and access to additional working capital in the form of debt and or equity to meet operational needs including payments to its partners CIBC, TD and Aimia, and to support the growth of the company, including the APM product, as described under the section General Risks and Uncertainties in this document.

At present, the need for capital to expand the APM product is partially satisfied by the loan payable (facility credit limit of \$8.5 million and utilization at September 30, 2016 and June 30, 2016 of \$4.8 million and \$5.5 million respectively). However, there are limitations including; a credit limit of \$8.5 million; it is a demand facility; it requires the company to co-fund 15% of the transaction credits deployed with merchants under the APM product and the company's restricted cash position limits its ability to do so; and is only available to expand the APM product. The loan payable agreement expires in December 2017.

The new 12% debentures were issued by the company on December 30, 2013 in the principal amount of \$5,159,000 with an initial maturity date of September 30, 2016. The proceeds of the new 12% debentures are used for working capital purposes. The new 12% debentures agreement requires the company to meet on a quarterly basis certain financial covenants. At March 31, 2015 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants and the company secured a waiver of the breach at March 31, 2015. The debenture holders amended and re-set all financial covenants effective quarter ended June 30, 2015 until quarter ending June 30, 2016. The company met the amended financial covenants at

June 30, 2015, September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2015. At March 31, 2016 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants. The company secured a waiver to the breach of all its financial covenants at March 31, 2016 and was charged a fee of \$103,180 by the debenture holders. At June 30, 2016 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants. Recognizing that the company does not have the ability to repay the debentures on maturity the company commenced discussions with the debenture holders. In September 2016 the company secured a waiver to the breach of all its financial covenants at June 30, 2016. In addition, the company and the debenture holders agreed to extend the maturity of the new 12% debentures to December 31, 2016 from September 30, 2016, and at the same time financial covenants at September 30, 2016 were established. The company was in breach of all its financial covenants at September 30, 2016 and shall be negotiating a waiver of the breach. However, there can be no assurance of either a successful outcome to the negotiation and its timing or the amount of the financial cost, if any, that may be attached to the issuance of the waiver. The new 12% debentures are secured by a general security interest over the assets of the company and its subsidiaries. If the company breaches a financial covenant or is unable to pay either interest or its debts as they came due, it would be in default under the new 12% debentures agreement and, as a result, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to waive the event of default, demand immediate payment of the new 12% debentures in full or modify the terms and conditions of the new 12% debentures including key terms such as repayment terms, interest rates and security. If the company is unable to secure alternative financing to pay interest or repay the new 12% debentures, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to realize upon a part or all of the security held by them. The company has a decade old relationship with the primary holder (about 60%) of the new 12% debentures – a Toronto based firm investing on behalf of its managed accounts. Related parties holdings at September 30, 2016 of the new 12% debentures were about \$1.2 million (about 24% of the new 12% debentures), see section Related party transactions in this document. The primary holder of the new 12% debentures is also the primary shareholder of the company as it beneficially owns or exercises control or direction through about 15% of the company's common shares (as of November 15, 2016) held on behalf of its managed accounts.

The company is seeking to re-finance its new 12% debentures and secure additional capital to continue its operations and execute its expansion plans. While in the past the company has been successful in obtaining waivers and debt amendments, and refinancing its debentures, there can be no assurance these initiatives will continue to be successful.

Except for the leasing arrangements the company does not participate in off balance sheet financing arrangements.

The consolidated financial statements for three months ended September 30, 2016 have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles applicable to a going concern which contemplates that the company will be able to realize its assets and settle its liabilities in the normal course as they come due during the normal course of operations for the foreseeable future. When a company is aware, in making its assessment, of material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, the entity is required to disclose those uncertainties. The company has a shareholders' deficiency of \$5,522,513 and negative working capital of \$5,679,638 as at September 30, 2016. There is uncertainty surrounding:

3. The re-financing of the new 12% debentures maturing December 31, 2016; and
4. The access to additional working capital in the form of debt and or equity to meet operational needs including payments to its partners CIBC, TD and Aimia and to support the growth of the company.

As a result, this may cast significant doubt on the validity of going concern assumption and the company's ability to continue as a going concern after September 30, 2016 and hence the ultimate use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

The company's future success is dependent on retaining its existing relationships with CIBC, TD, and Aimia; continued access to its existing levels of debt capital; additional capital in the form of debt or equity; ensuring profitability; and generating positive cash flows from operations. The company's business plan includes renewal of its agreements with CIBC, TD; and Aimia; refinancing of its current loans; the receipt of waivers or agreement amendments where breaches occur; and raise of additional capital. While in the past the company has been successful in renewal of its agreement with CIBC, TD, Aimia; refinancing its debentures and loan payable, obtaining waivers or agreement amendments, there can be no assurance these initiatives will continue to be successful. In addition, there can be no assurance the company will be successful in securing additional capital which is required to meet operational needs including payments to its partners CIBC, TD and Aimia and to support the growth of the company.

These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments or disclosures that may result from the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If the going concern assumption were not appropriate for these consolidated financial statements, adjustments may be necessary in the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and balance sheet classifications; and such adjustments could be material.

Contractual Obligations

Contractual obligations as at September 30, 2016 were due as follow:

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>1 to 3 years</u>	<u>4 to 5 years</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Loan payable	\$ 4,808,293	\$ 4,808,293	\$ -	\$ -
New 12% debentures	\$ 5,159,000	\$ 5,159,000	\$ -	\$ -
Operating leases	\$ 195,144	\$ 144,886	\$ 50,258	\$ -
	\$ 10,162,437	\$ 10,112,179	\$ 50,258	\$ -

In addition, new 12% debenture interest of \$336,604 is payable for the period June 16, 2016 to maturity on December 31, 2016. The company also has a liability for \$103,180 to the holders of the new 12% debentures respecting fee charged by the holders for waiving breach of financial covenants at March 31, 2016.

The expense related to above leases is expensed in selling and marketing, and general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income.

A significant portion of the commitments for premises is for the company's head office. The lease expires in September, 2017.

Loan Payable

The loan payable is a line of credit facility ("facility") with Accord to be used exclusively to fund the merchants participating in the APM product in the business segments available to the company under its agreements with CIBC, TD and Aimia. As security, the provider has first charge to all amounts due from merchants funded from the facility.

The facility was established in December 2007. The current term of the loan payable expires in December 2017.

The facility has a limit of \$8.5 million. Interest is calculated daily on the amount outstanding and charged monthly at an interest rate equivalent to prime rate of a certain Canadian bank plus 11.5% per annum. In certain circumstances the loan payable amount is repayable on demand to Accord.

The company had utilized \$4.8 million of the facility at September 30, 2016 (at June 30, 2016 \$5.5 million).

12% Non-Convertible Debentures Payable

On December 30, 2013, the company completed a refinancing by way of a private placement of 12% non-convertible debentures (“new 12% debentures”) in the principal amount of \$5,159,000.

As of December 31, 2013 the company used the proceeds of the new 12% debentures plus cash on hand to repay the old 12% debentures (aggregate principal amount of \$6,151,967 plus accrued interest thereon) and 14% debentures (aggregate principal amount of \$1,744,000 plus accrued interest thereon), both maturing December 31, 2013. The 87,056,491 common share warrants attached to the old 12% debentures and 3,444,400 common share warrants attached to 14% debentures were not exercised and expired as of December 31, 2013.

The new 12% debentures were issued as units. Each unit comprised (i) \$1,000 face value secured non-convertible debentures of the company bearing interest at 12% per annum, payable semi-annually, and with initial maturity date of September 30, 2016, and (ii) 8,150 common shares in the capital of the company. The company issued 5,159 units and 42,045,850 common shares.

Under the agreement, the proceeds of the new 12% debentures are to be used for working capital purposes.

The new 12% debentures are secured by a general security interest over the assets of the company and its subsidiaries. The significant financial covenants of the new 12% debentures require the company to meet (i) commencing the quarter ended December 31, 2013, on a quarterly basis a defined level of designated current assets, and interest coverage, and (ii) commencing January 31, 2014, on a monthly basis a defined level of credit card spend, on which the company earns its revenue, at merchants participating in its loyalty programs (as part of the re-set of the financial covenants, described later in this section, this financial covenant was cancelled effective April 2015).

In June 2014, the debenture holders agreed to a) re-set the financial covenants and b) defer the semi-annual interest due June 15, 2014 and this was now payable in two equal instalments due October 15, 2014 and November 15, 2014. The company agreed to pay a fee of \$65,000 to the debenture holders for the above changes to the new 12% debentures. The company paid the interest and the fees on the due dates. The company met the revised financial covenants as at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2014. At March 31, 2015 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants and the company secured a waiver of the breach at March 31, 2015. The debenture holders amended and re-set all financial covenants effective quarter ended June 30, 2015 until quarter ending June 30, 2016. The company met the amended financial covenants at June 30, 2015, September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2015. At March 31, 2016 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants. The company secured a waiver to the breach of all its financial covenants at March 31, 2016 and was charged a fee of \$103,180 by the debenture holders. As at June 30, 2016 the company was in breach of all its financial covenants. In September 2016 the company secured a waiver to the breach of all its

financial covenants at June 30, 2016. In addition, the company and the debenture holders agreed to extend the maturity of the new 12% debentures to December 31, 2016 from September 30, 2016, and at the same time financial covenants at September 30, 2016 were established. The company was in breach of all its financial covenants at September 30, 2016 and shall be negotiating a waiver of the breach. However, there can be no assurance of either a successful outcome to the negotiation and its timing or the amount of the financial cost, if any, that may be attached to the issuance of the waiver.

The new 12% debentures are secured by a general security interest over the assets of the company and its subsidiaries. If the company were to breach a financial covenant or were unable to pay its debts as they came due, it would be in default under the new 12% debentures agreement and, as a result, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to waive the event of default, demand immediate payment of the new 12% debentures in full or modify the terms and conditions of the new 12% debentures including key terms such as repayment terms, interest rates and security. If the company is unable to secure alternative financing to repay the new 12% debentures, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to realize upon a part or all of the security held by them.

Summary of Quarterly Results

12 month period ended September 30, 2016					
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Total
	Dec 31, 2015	Mar 31, 2016	Jun 30, 2016	Sep 30, 2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	3.1	2.4	2.8	2.6	10.9
% of annual revenues	28.4%	22.0%	25.7%	23.9%	100.0%
Net income/(loss)	-	(0.5)	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.9)
Loss per share - Basic and Diluted	-	-	-	-	(0.01)
12 Month period ended September 30, 2015					
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Total
	Dec 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2015	Jun 30, 2015	Sep 30, 2015	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	3.8	2.7	3.3	3.0	12.8
% of annual revenues	29.7%	21.1%	25.8%	23.4%	100.0%
Net income/(loss)	(0.1)	(2.6)	(0.4)	(0.1)	(3.2)
Loss per share - Basic and Diluted	-	(0.02)	-	-	(0.02)

The fluctuations in the company's quarterly revenues from its Retail programs reflect seasonal consumer behavior at merchants participating in the Retail programs, as well as the other factors described under section Revenue in this document.

The fluctuations in the company's quarterly results reflect revenues and the costs to earn the revenues.

Capital Resources

Expenditures for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets for Q1 Fiscal 2017 were \$nil compared to \$18,026 for Q1 Fiscal 2016.

Expenditures include capitalization of internal costs expended on software development connected to ensuring operability of the company's merchant based programs sponsored by CIBC, TD, Aimia and Caesars.

Q1 Fiscal 2017 internal costs capitalized total \$nil compared to \$17,236 during Q1 Fiscal 2016. The capitalization during Q1 Fiscal 2016 relates to software development to ensure operability of the company's merchant based programs sponsored by CIBC, TD and Aimia. The costs are being amortized over the shorter of useful life of the software and term of Affinity partner agreement.

For Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 the company expects capital expenditures to be similar compared to Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 trends. The expenditures would be operationalizing and enhancing the operability of the company's merchant based programs. Similar to the previous Fiscal year the company expects to secure lease arrangements for significant expenditures during Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

There are no material commitments for capital expenditures as of the date hereof.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the company's consolidated financial statements, in accordance with IFRS, requires the company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The company's significant accounting policies are disclosed in note 4 to the audited consolidated financial statements for Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Contingent liabilities

A significant amount of estimation is applied in evaluating the company's uncertain tax provision with the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA), as described in note 14 to the audited consolidated financial statements for Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and in the final paragraph in the General Risks and Uncertainties section of this document, and whether a tax provision is required.

Going concern

The company tests the going concern assumption on a quarterly basis. The company determines this from its financial forecasts that are prepared on its expectation regarding continuation of its agreement with CIBC and TD, continued access to existing sources of debt, ability to access additional sources of working capital in the form of either debt or equity, growth of its existing business, and development of new lines of business.

The company's audited consolidated financial statements for year ended June 30, 2016 and interim financial statements for three months ended September 30, 2016 carry a going concern note (note 2b).

Financial instruments – fair value

The company calculates the fair value of certain financial instruments using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. This requires assumptions regarding the risk-free rate of return, the expected life of the instrument, the expected volatility in the price of the common shares of the company and the

expected level of dividends to be paid on the common shares of the company.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, transaction credits, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loan payable and non-convertible debentures payable approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Credit risk

The company has certain business risks linked to the collection of its transaction credits. Under the APM product the company generally acquires the rights to cash flow from future designated credit card transactions (“future sales”) at a discount from participating merchants (“transaction credits” on consolidated statement of financial position). These transaction credits are estimated to be fully extinguishable within 30 – 210 days. Until these transaction credits have been extinguished through designated cardholder spend at participating merchants, there is a credit risk, and an increase in credit risk associated with the longer time frame approaching and/or exceeding 210 days. In the event of default, the company has set up escalating collection measures, and an allowance is determined on specifically identified transaction credit balances that are delinquent and amount of the specific provision is determined based on whether the account has been referred to collection agency, for legal action, whether the company’s attempt to debit the merchant’s bank account for payments due to the company has been rejected, the underlying reason for the rejections, and the company’s historical experience on recoveries.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is the balance, net of provision for impaired accounts, of the transaction credits, and accounts receivable.

The accounts receivable, transaction credits, and the allowance is as follows:

	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Transaction credits	\$ 7,053,269	\$ 7,994,349
Accounts receivable	244,379	447,720
Allowance	(831,767)	(664,405)
Per statement of financial position	<u>\$ 6,465,881</u>	<u>\$ 7,777,664</u>
Maximum exposure to credit risk	\$ 6,465,881	\$ 7,777,664

The transaction credits that are considered impaired and the related allowance is as follows:

	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Impaired transaction credits	\$ 948,600	\$ 833,379
Allowance	(800,522)	(642,087)
Impaired transaction credits not allowed for	<u>\$ 148,078</u>	<u>\$ 191,292</u>

Stock Options

The company has a stock option plan for directors, officers, employees and consultants. The stock options are non-assignable; the stock option price is to be fixed by the Board of Directors but may not be less than the regulations of the stock exchange on which the company's common shares are listed; the term of the stock options may not exceed five years, and payment for the optioned shares is required to be made in full on the exercise of the stock options. The stock options are subject to various vesting provisions, determined by the Board of Directors, ranging from immediate to four years.

Movement during Q1 Fiscal 2017 and Q1 Fiscal 2016 is tabulated.

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>
	<u>Number of options</u>	
Outstanding at start of the period	4,100,000	8,590,000
Expired	-	-
Forfeited	-	(550,000)
Outstanding at end of the period	<u>4,100,000</u>	<u>8,040,000</u>

The number of stock options available for future issuance at September 30, 2016 compared to September 30, 2015 is as follows:

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>
	<u>Number of options</u>	
Maximum number of shares reserved for issuance	16,688,546	16,688,546
Less: outstanding at end of period	<u>(4,100,000)</u>	<u>(8,040,000)</u>
Number of options available for future issuance	<u>12,588,546</u>	<u>8,648,546</u>

There was no stock based compensation expense during Q1 Fiscal 2017 and Q1 Fiscal 2016.

Outstanding Share Data

As of June 30, 2016, September 30, 2016 and the date hereof, the number of issued and outstanding common shares of the company is 139,071,218. The number of common shares is provided by the company's transfer agent CST Trust Company.

Potentially Dilutive Securities

As of date hereof, the company was committed to issuing 4,100,000 additional common shares pursuant to the company's stock option plan.

Related party transactions

Directors and Officers

In December 2013 the following related parties purchased new 12% debentures, on terms and conditions applicable to the other subscribers (section 12% Non-Convertible Debentures Payable in this document). The holdings of debentures are tabulated:

	At September 30, 2016	At June 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Director, Chief Executive Officer - K. Ambrose	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Director, Chairman of the Board of Directors - S. Burns	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
Director - W. Polley	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
Director - M. Lavine	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Chief Financial Officer - M. Sabharwal	\$ 115,000	\$ 115,000
	\$ 1,215,000	\$ 1,215,000

Trapeze Capital Corp. and Trapeze Asset Management Inc. (together "Trapeze")

Trapeze may have been considered, at the time of the purchase of new 12% debentures, to be a related party of the company by virtue of their holding of \$4,446,062 old 12% debentures, \$1,296,000 14% debentures, and 65,475,823 common share purchase warrants, issued with old 12% debentures and 14% debentures, of the company, on behalf of their respective managed accounts.

Economic Dependence

A significant portion of the company's current revenue is dependent upon its value-added loyalty program agreement with CIBC and TD under which consumer rewards are awarded to holders of designated CIBC and TD credit cards when they complete purchases at merchants participating in Advantex's CIBC/TD program. The significance to the company of the CIBC and TD agreements can best be assessed by comparing its revenues from its relationship with CIBC and TD with that of other programs as tabulated at the end of this section.

The company's relationship with CIBC has been in place for about two decades and has been through several multi-year renewal terms. The current agreement was renewed effective September 1, 2016 and expires September 30, 2017. The agreement may, at the option of CIBC, be renewed on the same terms and conditions provided that CIBC exercises such option to renew upon providing notice at least four months prior to expiry of initial term or then current renewal term. If CIBC does not renew the agreement or exercises its right to terminate the agreement upon at least six months prior notice or retains a competing service provider the company could be materially and adversely affected.

In June 2014, the company entered into an agreement with TD. The agreement with TD had an initial term of two years. The agreement renews automatically for additional one year terms unless TD provides notice not to renew. The current term of the agreement expires in June 2017. If TD does not renew the agreement or exercises its right to terminate the agreement upon at least four months prior notice or retains a competing service provider the company could be materially and adversely

affected.

The company's revenue from the CIBC/TD programs is dependent on the number of merchants participating in the CIBC/TD program, dollar spending by holders of designated CIBC credit cards and TD aeroplan credit cards at participating merchants and the economic environment. Since the dollar spending by holders of designated CIBC and TD credit cards is dependent upon the banks credit card portfolio, the company believes that the agreements with two banks mitigate the risk of dependence on one partner.

Illustration of economic dependence on CIBC/TD program. Revenue and Gross profit are tabulated. Based on trends for Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 CIBC accounts for over 60% of the CIBC/TD program revenues.

	<u>Q1 Fiscal 2017</u>		<u>Q1 Fiscal 2016</u>	
	<u>\$</u>	<u>% of company Total</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>% of company Total</u>
CIBC/TD program revenues	\$ 2,121,992	81.5%	\$ 2,514,518	84.0%
CIBC/TD program gross profit	\$ 1,547,565	89.6%	\$ 1,899,127	89.9%

General Risks and Uncertainties

As indicated in the Economic Dependence section of this document a significant portion of the company's current revenue is dependent on its value-added loyalty agreement with CIBC. The company's relationship with CIBC has been in place for about two decades and has been through several multi-year renewal terms. The current agreement was renewed effective September 1, 2016 and expires September 30, 2017. The agreement may, at the option of CIBC, be renewed on the same terms and conditions provided that CIBC exercises such option to renew upon providing notice at least four months prior to expiry of term. If CIBC does not renew the agreement or exercises its right to terminate the agreement upon at least six months prior notice the company could be materially and adversely affected.

In September 2013, CIBC, TD, and Aimia announced they had come to a tripartite arrangement effective January 2014, and under which CIBC sold a significant part of its Aeroplan portfolio to TD. In June 2014, the company entered into an agreement with TD. The agreement with TD had an initial term of two years. The agreement renews automatically for additional one year terms unless TD provides notice not to renew. The current term of the agreement expires in June 2017. If TD does not renew the agreement or exercises its right to terminate the agreement upon at least four months prior notice the company could be materially and adversely affected.

The company's revenue from the CIBC/TD programs is dependent on the number of merchants participating in the CIBC/TD program, dollar spending by holders of designated CIBC credit cards and TD aeroplan credit cards at participating merchants and the economic environment. Since the dollar spending by holders of designated CIBC and TD credit cards is dependent upon the banks credit card portfolio, the company believes that the agreements with two banks mitigate the risk of dependence on one partner.

The company's working capital needs are currently partially provided by debt in the form of new 12% debentures maturing December 31, 2016, and loan payable. The company's relationship with the new 12% debentures holders, and providers of loan payable facility span about 11+ and 8+ years respectively. The term of the loan payable expires in December 2017. At present, there is about \$3.7 million room on the loan payable and the need for capital to expand the APM product is partially

satisfied by the loan payable. The loan payable credit facility requires the company to co-fund 15% of the transaction credits deployed with merchants under the APM product and the company has limited ability to co-fund the 15%. To be able to operate and advance its business the company needs to be able to access the loan payable facility and have funds to co-fund. The loan payable is a demand facility. The new 12% debentures carry financial covenants. The company does not have the ability to repay the new 12% debentures maturing December 31, 2016. The new 12% debentures are secured by a general security interest over the assets of the company and its subsidiaries. If the company were to breach a financial covenant or were unable to pay its debts as they came due, it would be in default under the new 12% debentures agreement and, as a result, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to waive the event of default, demand immediate payment of the new 12% debentures in full or modify the terms and conditions of the new 12% debentures including key terms such as repayment terms, interest rates and security. If the company is unable to secure alternative financing to repay the new 12% debentures, the new 12% debentures holders would have the right to realize upon a part or all of the security held by them; see section Working Capital and Liquidity Management in this document for a fuller discussion of the risks. Consequently, general market conditions or the financial status of the company in terms of its profitability, cash flows and strength of its consolidated balance sheet may eliminate or limit access to existing sources of debt, and / or may limit access to additional financing and / or alternative funding to replace existing debt, or the terms of accessible debt may be uneconomic and this could materially and adversely affect the company.

The company believes that increasing the amount of the transaction credits deployed with merchants under its CIBC/TD program's APM product will result in higher revenue and, consequently, improve the company's financial results and cash flows. The company requires additional debt financing and or equity to scale its ability in this area. If the company is not successful in raising additional debt financing and equity, its ability to expand its merchant base and increase revenue may be impeded, resulting in reduced growth in cash flows from operations. This could affect the company's liquidity and working capital position. Any debt structure would need to recognize the general security interest over the company's assets held by the new 12% debentures holders.

The company has certain business risks linked to the collection of its transaction credits. Under the CIBC/TD program's APM product the company acquires the rights to cash flow from future designated credit card transactions ("future sales") at a discount from participating merchants ("transaction credits" on consolidated statement of financial position). These transaction credits are generally estimated to be fully extinguishable within 30 – 210 days of the funds being deployed with the merchant. Management has implemented review and monitoring procedures to assess the creditworthiness and ongoing eligibility of merchants if they wish to benefit from larger purchases of their future sales. Until these transaction credits have been extinguished through designated cardholder spend at participating merchants there is a credit risk, and an increase in credit risk associated with the longer time frame approaching and/or exceeding 210 days. In the event of default, the company has set up escalating collection measures, and an allowance is determined on specifically identified transaction credit balances that are delinquent and amount of the specific provision is determined based on whether the account has been referred to a collection agency, for legal action, whether the company's attempt to debit the merchant's bank account for payments due to the company has been rejected, the underlying reason for the rejections, and the company's historical experience on recoveries. Deterioration in either the credit environment or the company's monitoring processes and a resulting increase in bad debts would adversely impact the financial status of the company thereby affecting its attractiveness as a borrower and its ability to access existing or additional or alternative debt or debt at economic terms and this could materially and adversely affect the company.

The company's activities are funded by two sources of debt. The new 12% debentures has a fixed interest rate, and loan payable which carries a floating interest rate. While the company is not exposed to interest rate risk on account of new 12% debentures, its future cash flows are exposed to

interest risk from the floating interest rate payable, calculated as prime rate of a certain Canadian bank plus 11.5%, on loan payable. While the company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk, it believes it can pass on, to merchants participating in its programs, a portion of a significant adverse interest rate movement on its loan payable. As disclosed under the section Interest Expense in this document, for the period ended September 30, 2016, the company incurred interest expense of \$183,378 on utilization of loan payable. Had the interest rate, for the three months ended September 30, 2016, been 10% higher the interest expense on loan payable would have been \$201,716, an increase of \$18,338.

The company's operations are dependent on the abilities, experience and efforts of its management and highly skilled workforce. While the company has entered into employment agreements with key management personnel and other employees, and each of these agreements includes confidentiality and non-competition clauses, the business prospects of the company could be adversely affected if any of these people were unable or unwilling to continue their employment with the company.

The merchant based loyalty programs that the company develops and manages for CIBC, TD and Aimia, are dependent upon ongoing consumer interest in accumulating frequent flyer miles for the purpose of obtaining reward air travel on designated airlines. Due to the security difficulties being experienced by the airline industry overall, and in general continuous devaluation of frequent flyer miles, there is a risk that the underlying frequent flyer currencies used in these programs could become unavailable to the company, or that consumer interest in accumulating these awards could decline. This, in turn, may result in difficulties in acquiring and retaining merchants and may adversely affect the company's revenue and direct costs.

The company provides marketing services to retail organizations and, in more general terms, the company could be considered competitive with other advertising and promotional programs for a portion of a client's total marketing budget. If client promotional spending levels decrease, this could have a material adverse effect on the company's revenue. In addition, there are additional loyalty program operators in Canada, targeting the same merchant base as the company. In the past, other companies have attempted to develop similar merchant-based coalitions on their own and failed, making the company, with its established merchant coalition and proven loyalty systems, a reputable outsourced partner in the Canadian marketplace. The company believes its substantial client equity, proprietary systems, breadth of in-house services and significant Affinity partner contracts provide a strong platform for the company to compete effectively in the North American marketplace and respond to new competition in Canada.

In addition to economic factors, and those factors noted above, the profitability of the company is also subject to a number of additional risk factors including: continuation of partnership with Affinity partners CIBC, TD and Aimia; continued access to loan payable line of credit facility; continued access to the new 12% debentures; ability to refinance the new 12% debentures maturing December 31, 2016; ability to raise additional capital in the form of either debt or equity which is needed to meet future operational and expansion requirements; ability to negotiate payment plans with its vendors; competition; changes in regulations - including taxation - affecting the company's activities; consumer spending behavior; and continued demand for the company's programs by merchants.

In the ordinary course of business, the company is subject to ongoing audits by tax authorities. While the company believes that its tax filing positions are appropriate and supportable, from time to time, certain matters are reviewed and challenged by the tax authorities. The company regularly reviews the potential for adverse outcomes in respect of tax matters and believes that any ultimate disposition of a reassessment will not have a material adverse impact on its liquidity, consolidated financial position or results of operations due to adequate provisioning for these tax matters. Should an outcome materially differ from existing provisions, the company's effective tax rate, its earnings, and its liquidity and working capital position could be affected positively or negatively in the period in which matters are resolved.

Forward-Looking Information

This Management's Discussion and Analysis contains certain "forward-looking information". All information, other than information comprised of historical fact, that addresses activities, events or developments that the company believes, expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future constitutes forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is typically identified by words such as: anticipate, believe, expect, goal, intend, plan, will, may, should, could and other similar expressions. Such forward-looking information relates to, without limitation, information regarding the company's: belief it has a unique product for the small independent merchant market; expectation of the size of the loyalty marketing market; belief in its ability to gain a share of the market; expectations from expansion outside Canada; estimation of the amount of working capital required to expand operations; expectations of financial performance during the next twelve months; belief it has the support of its partners and staff; expectation of capital expenditures during fiscal year ending June 30, 2017; expectation of securing lease arrangements for significant capital expenditures; belief the primary driver of revenues is merchant participation; expectation of gradual bounce-back in merchant participation and its timing; belief an increase in transaction credits will positively effect financial performance and cash flows; expectation of and from finalizing the restructuring of the commercial terms of agreement with Aimia and the timing of finalization; belief in its ability to retain and expand its merchant base; belief agreements with CIBC and TD mitigate the risk of dependence on one partner; ability to manage credit and collection risk; expectation of adverse interest rate increase it can pass onto merchants; expectation of its ability to compete; belief in the appropriateness of its tax filings; and other information regarding financial and business prospects and financial outlook is forward-looking information.

Forward-looking information reflects the current expectations or beliefs of the company based on information currently available to the company, including certain assumptions and expectations of Management. With respect to the forward-looking information contained in this Management Discussion and Analysis, the company has made assumptions regarding, among other things, continued Affinity partner participation; continued support from its provider of loan payable and holders of new 12% debentures; its ability to re-finance new 12% debentures maturing December 31, 2016; its ability to access additional working capital in the form of debt and or equity to meet operational needs including payments to its partners CIBC, TD and Aimia and to support the growth of the company; its ability to manage risks connected to collection of transaction credits; current and future economic and market conditions and the impact of same on its business; ongoing consumer interest in accumulating frequent flyer miles; the size of the market for its programs; its ability to increase merchant participation in its programs; ongoing and future Affinity partnerships and revenue sources; future business levels, and the cost structure, capital expenditures and working capital required to operate at those levels; future interest rates; and the appropriateness of its tax filing position.

Forward-looking information is subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may cause the actual results of the company to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking information, and even if such actual results are realized or substantially realized, there can be no assurance that they will have the expected consequences to, or effects on the company. Factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from current expectations include, among other things, those listed under "Working Capital and Liquidity Management", "General Risks and Uncertainties" and "Economic Dependence" in this Management Discussion and Analysis.

All forward-looking information speaks only as of the date on which it is made and, except as may be required by applicable securities laws, the company disclaims any intent or obligation to update any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise. Although the company believes that the assumptions inherent in the forward-looking information are reasonable, forward-looking information is not a guarantee of future performance

and accordingly undue reliance should not be put on such information due to the inherent uncertainty therein.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures, and Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for external reporting. The Company maintains appropriate processes to ensure that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to the Company is available at www.sedar.com, and may also be obtained by request by telephone or facsimile or at the Company's website at www.advantex.com.

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